COMMITTEE SUBSTITUTE

FOR

H. B. 2858

(BY DELEGATES WHITE, COWLES, ANDES, BOGGS, R. PHILLIPS, MARCUM, SKAFF, CRAIG AND STORCH)

(Originating in the Committee on Finance)
[March 19, 2013]

A BILL to amend and reenact §24-2-4f of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, relating generally to consumer rate relief bonds; providing that the rate adjustment mechanism is the exception to the state's pledge not to reduce, alter or impair consumer rate relief charges until all amounts to be paid to an assignee or financing party are paid or performed in full.

Be it enacted by the Legislature of West Virginia:

That §24-2-4f of the Code of West Virginia, 1931, as amended, be amended and reenacted to read as follows:

ARTICLE 2. POWERS AND DUTIES OF PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION.

§24-2-4f. Consumer rate relief bonds.

- 1 (a) Legislative findings. The Legislature hereby finds and
- 2 declares as follows:
- 3 (1) That some electric utilities in the state have experienced
- 4 expanded net energy costs of a magnitude problematic to recover
- 5 from their customers through the commission's traditional cost
- 6 recovery mechanisms, which have resulted in unusually large
- 7 under-recoveries;
- 8 (2) That the financing costs of carrying such under-recovery
- 9 balances and projected costs can be considerable;
- 10 (3) That the use of traditional utility financing mechanisms
- 11 to finance or refinance the recovery of such under-recovery
- 12 balances and projected costs may result in considerable
- 13 additional costs to be reflected in the approved rates of electric
- 14 utility customers;
- 15 (4) That customers of electric utilities in the state have an
- 16 interest in the electric utilities financing the costs of such under-
- 17 recovery balances and projected costs at a lower cost than would
- 18 be afforded by traditional utility financing mechanisms;

- 19 (5) That alternative financing mechanisms exist which can 20 result in lower costs and mitigate rate impacts to customers and 21 the use of these mechanisms can prove highly beneficial to such 22 customers; and
- (6) That in order to use such alternative financing 23 24 mechanisms, the commission must be empowered to adopt a 25 financing order that advances these goals. The Legislature, 26 therefore, determines that it is in the interest of the state and its 27 citizens to encourage and facilitate the use of alternative 28 financing mechanisms that will enable electric utilities to finance 29 or refinance expanded net energy costs at the lowest reasonably 30 practical cost under certain conditions and to empower the 31 commission to review and approve alternative financing 32 mechanisms when it determines that such approval is in the 33 public interest, as set forth in this section.
- 34 (b) *Definitions*. As used in this section:
- 35 (1) "Adjustment mechanism" means a formula-based 36 mechanism for making adjustments to consumer rate relief 37 charges to correct for over-collection or under-collection of such 38 charges or otherwise to ensure the timely and complete payment

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and recovery of such charges and financing costs. The 39 40 adjustment mechanism shall accommodate: (i) Standard 41 adjustments to consumer rate relief charges that are limited to 42 relatively stable conditions of operations; and (ii) nonstandard 43 adjustments to consumer rate relief charges that are necessary to 44 reflect significant changes from historical conditions of 45 operations, such as the loss of significant electrical load. The 46 adjustment mechanism is not to be used as a means to authorize 47 the issuance of consumer rate relief bonds in a principal amount 48 greater, or the payment or recovery of expanded net energy costs in an amount greater, than that which was authorized in the 49 50 financing order which established the adjustment mechanism. 51 (2) "Ancillary agreement" means a bond insurance policy 52 letter of credit, reserve account, surety bond, swap arrangement, 53 hedging arrangement, liquidity or credit support arrangement or 54 other similar agreement or arrangement entered into in 55 connection with the issuance of consumer rate relief bonds that 56 is designed to promote the credit quality and marketability of the 57 bonds or to mitigate the risk of an increase in interest rates. 58 (3) "Assignee" means a person, corporation, limited liability

company, trust, partnership or other entity to which an interest

- 60 in consumer rate relief property is assigned, sold or transferred,
- other than as security. The term also includes any entity to which
- an assignee assigns, sells or transfers, other than as security, the
- 63 assignee's interest in or right to consumer rate relief property.
- 64 (4) "Bond" includes debentures, notes, certificates of
- 65 participation, certificates of beneficial interest, certificates of
- 66 ownership or other evidences of indebtedness or ownership that
- 67 are issued by an electric utility or an assignee under a final
- 68 financing order, the proceeds of which are used directly or
- 69 indirectly to recover, finance, or refinance expanded net energy
- 70 costs and that are secured by or payable from revenues from
- 71 consumer rate relief charges.
- 72 (5) "Bondholder" means any holder or owner of a consumer
- 73 rate relief bond.
- 74 (6) "Commission" means the Public Service Commission of
- 75 West Virginia, as it may be constituted from time to time, and
- 76 any successor agency exercising functions similar in purpose
- 77 thereto.
- 78 (7) "Consumer rate relief charges" means the amounts which
- 79 are authorized by the commission in a financing order to be

- 80 collected from a qualifying utility's customers in order to pay
 81 and secure the debt service payments of consumer rate relief
 82 bonds and associated financing costs.
- 83 (8) "Consumer rate relief costs" means those costs, including 84 financing costs, which are to be defrayed through consumer rate 85 relief charges.
- 86 (9) "Consumer rate relief property" means the property, 87 rights, and interests of a qualifying utility or an assignee under 88 a final financing order, including the right to impose, charge, and 89 collect the consumer rate relief charges that shall be used to pay 90 and secure the payment of consumer rate relief bonds and 91 financing costs, and including the right to obtain adjustments to 92 those charges, and any revenues, receipts, collections, rights to 93 payment, payments, moneys, claims, or other proceeds arising 94 from the rights and interests created under the final financing 95 order.
- 96 (10) "Expanded net energy costs" means historical and, if 97 deemed appropriate by the commission, projected costs, 98 inclusive of carrying charges on under-recovery balances 99 authorized by the commission, including costs incurred prior to

- 100 the effective date of this statute, adjudicated pursuant to the
- 101 commission's expanded net energy cost proceedings, which have
- 102 been authorized for recovery by an order of the commission,
- whether or not subject to judicial appeal.
- 104 (11) "Financing costs" means any of the following:
- 105 (A) Principal, interest and redemption premiums that are
- 106 payable on consumer rate relief bonds;
- (B) A payment required under an ancillary agreement;
- 108 (C) An amount required to fund or replenish a reserve
- 109 account or another account established under an indenture,
- ancillary agreement or other financing document relating to
- 111 consumer rate relief bonds or the payment of any return on the
- capital contribution approved by the commission to be made by
- 113 a qualifying utility to an assignee;
- (D) Costs of retiring or refunding an existing debt and equity
- securities of a qualifying utility in connection with the issuance
- of consumer rate relief bonds but only to the extent the securities
- 117 were issued for the purpose of financing expanded net energy
- 118 costs;
- 119 (E) Costs incurred by a qualifying utility to obtain
- 120 modifications of or amendments to an indenture, financing

- agreement, security agreement, or similar agreement or instrument relating to an existing secured or unsecured
- 123 obligation of the utility in connection with the issuance of
- 124 consumer rate relief bonds:
- (F) Costs incurred by a qualifying utility to obtain a consent,
- 126 release, waiver, or approval from a holder of an obligation
- 127 described in subparagraph (E) of this subdivision that are
- necessary to be incurred for the utility to issue or cause the
- 129 issuance of consumer rate relief bonds:
- 130 (G) Taxes, franchise fees or license fees imposed on
- 131 consumer rate relief charges;
- (H) Costs related to issuing or servicing consumer rate relief
- 133 bonds or related to obtaining a financing order, including
- servicing fees and expenses, trustee fees and expenses, legal fees
- and expenses, administrative fees, placement fees, underwriting
- 136 fees, capitalized interest and equity, rating-agency fees and other
- related costs authorized by the commission in a financing order;
- 138 and
- (I) Costs that are incurred by the commission for a financial
- 140 adviser with respect to consumer rate relief bonds.

- 141 (12) "Financing order" means an order issued by the 142 commission under subsection (e) of this section that authorizes 143 a qualifying utility to issue consumer rate relief bonds and 144 recover consumer rate relief charges. A financing order may set 145 forth conditions or contingencies on the effectiveness of the 146 relief authorized therein and may grant relief that is different 147 from that which was requested in the application.
- 148 (13) "Final financing order" means a financing order that has 149 become final and has taken effect as provided in subdivision (10) 150 of subsection (e) of this section.
- 151 (14) "Financing party" means either of the following:
- 152 (A) A trustee, collateral agent or other person acting for the 153 benefit of any bondholder; or
- (B) A party to an ancillary agreement, the rights and
- obligations of which relate to or depend upon the existence of consumer rate relief property, the enforcement and priority of a security interest in consumer rate relief property, the timely collection and payment of consumer rate relief charges or a combination of these factors.

- 160 (15) "Financing statement" has the same meaning as in 161 section one-hundred-two, article nine, chapter forty-six of this 162 code.
- 163 (16) "Investment grade" means, with respect to the
 164 unsecured debt obligations of a utility at any given time of
 165 determination, a rating that is within the top four investment
 166 rating categories as published by at least one nationally
 167 recognized statistical rating organization as recognized by the
 168 United States Securities and Exchange Commission.
- 169 (17) "Nonbypassable" means that the payment of consumer 170 rate relief charges may not be avoided by any West Virginia 171 retail customer of a qualifying utility or its successors and must 172 be paid by any such customer that receives electric delivery 173 service from such utility or its successors for as long as the 174 consumer rate relief bonds are outstanding.
- 175 (18) "Nonutility affiliate" means, with respect to any utility, 176 a person that: (i) Is an affiliate of the utility as defined in 42 177 U.S.C.§16451(1); and (ii) is not a public utility that provides 178 retail utility service to customers in the state within the meaning 179 of section two, article one of this chapter.

180 (19) "Parent" means, with respect to a utility, a registered 181 holding company or other person that holds a majority 182 ownership or membership interest in the utility.

183 (20) "Qualifying utility" means a public utility engaged in 184 the sale of electric service to retail customers in West Virginia 185 which has applied for and received from the commission a final 186 financing order under this section, including an affiliated electric 187 public utility which has applied jointly for and received such an 188 order.

189 (21) "Registered holding company" means, with respect to 190 a utility, a person that is: (i) A registered holding company as 191 defined in 42 U.S.C.§16451(8); and (ii) an affiliate of the utility 192 as defined in 42 U.S.C.§16451(1).

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(22) "Regulatory sanctions" means, under the circumstances presented, a regulatory or ratemaking sanction or penalty that the commission is authorized to impose pursuant to this chapter or any proceeding for the enforcement of any provision of this chapter or any order of the commission that the commission is authorized to pursue or conduct pursuant to this chapter, including without limitation: (i) The initiation of any proceeding

200 in which the utility is required to show cause why it should not 201 be required to comply with the terms and conditions of a 202 financing order or the requirements of this section; (ii) the 203 imposition of penalties pursuant to article four of this chapter; and (iii) a proceeding by mandamus, injunction or other 204 205 appropriate proceeding as provided in section two of this article. 206 (23) "Successor" means, with respect to an entity, another 207 entity that succeeds by operation of law to the rights and obligations of the first legal entity pursuant to any bankruptcy, 208 209 reorganization, restructuring, or other insolvency proceeding, 210 any merger, acquisition, or consolidation, or any sale or transfer 211 of assets, regardless of whether any of these occur as a result of 212 a restructuring of the electric power industry or otherwise.

- 213 (c) Application for financing order.
- (1) If an electric utility or affiliate obtains from the commission an authorization or waiver required by any other provision of this chapter or by commission order with respect to the underlying expanded net energy costs proposed to be financed through the mechanism of consumer rate relief bonds, an electric utility, or two or more affiliated electric utilities

- engaged in the delivery of electric service to customers in this state, may apply to the commission for a financing order that authorizes the following:
- 223 (A) The issuance of consumer rate relief bonds, in one or 224 more series, to recover only those expanded net energy costs that 225 could result in an under-recovery;
- 226 (B) The imposition, charging, and collection of consumer 227 rate relief charges, in accordance with the adjustment mechanism 228 approved by the commission under subparagraph (E), 229 subdivision (6), subsection (e) of this section to recover 230 sufficient amounts to pay and secure the debt service payments 231 of consumer rate relief bonds and associated financing costs; and 232 (C) The creation of consumer rate relief property under the 233 financing order.
 - (2) The commission may only consider applications made pursuant to this subsection for the recovery of underlying expanded net energy costs that would be reflected in schedules of rates filed in calendar year 2012.
- 238 (d) *Information required in application for financing order.*
- The application shall include all of the following:

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- 240 (1) A description and quantification of the uncollected 241 expanded net energy costs that the electric utility seeks to
- recover through the issuance of consumer rate relief bonds;
- 243 (2) An estimate of the date each series of consumer rate 244 relief bonds is expected to be issued;
- 245 (3) The expected term during which the consumer rate relief 246 costs for each series of consumer rate relief bonds are expected 247 to be recovered;
- 248 (4) An estimate of the financing costs associated with the 249 issuance of each series of consumer rate relief bonds;
- 250 (5) An estimate of the amount of consumer rate relief 251 charges necessary to recover the consumer rate relief costs set 252 forth in the application and the calculation for that estimate, 253 which calculation shall take into account the estimated date or 254 dates of issuance and the estimated principal amount of each
- 256 (6) A proposed methodology for allocating consumer rate 257 relief charges between and within tariff schedules and to special 258 contract customers;

series of consumer rate relief bonds:

- (7) A description of a proposed adjustment mechanism,
 reflecting the allocation methodology in subdivision (6) of this
 subsection;
- 262 (8) A description of the benefits to the qualifying utility's 263 customers that are expected to result from the issuance of the 264 consumer rate relief bonds, including a demonstration that the 265 bonds and their financing costs are just and reasonable and are 266 reasonably expected to achieve the lowest reasonably attainable 267 cost in order to produce cost savings to customers and to 268 mitigate rate impacts on customers, as compared to traditional financing mechanisms or traditional cost-recovery methods 269 270 available to the electric utility; and
- (9) Other information required by commission rules.
- 272 (e) Issuance of financing order.
- 273 (1) Except as otherwise provided in this section, proceedings 274 on an application submitted by an electric utility under 275 subsection (c) of this section are governed by the commission's 276 standard procedural rules. Any party that participated in a 277 proceeding in which the subject expanded net energy costs were 278 authorized or approved automatically has standing to participate

- in the financing order proceedings and the commission shall determine the standing or lack of standing of any other petitioner for party status.
- 282 (2) Within thirty days after the filing of an application under 283 subsection (c) of this section, the commission shall issue a 284 scheduling order for the proceeding.
- 285 (3) At the conclusion of proceedings on an application 286 submitted by an electric utility under subsection (c) of this 287 section, the commission shall issue either a financing order, 288 granting the application, in whole or with modifications, or an 289 order denying the application.
- 290 (4) The commission may issue a financing order under this 291 subsection if the commission finds that the issuance of the 292 consumer rate relief bonds and the consumer rate relief charges 293 authorized by the order are just and reasonable and are 294 reasonably expected to achieve the lowest reasonably attainable 295 cost in order to produce cost savings to customers and to 296 mitigate rate impacts on customers, as compared to traditional 297 financing mechanisms or traditional cost-recovery methods 298 available to the electric utility.

- 299 (5) The commission shall include all of the following in a 300 financing order issued under this subsection:
- 301 (A) A determination of the maximum amount and a 302 description of the expanded net energy costs that may be 303 recovered through consumer rate relief bonds issued under the 304 financing order;
- 305 (B) A description of consumer rate relief property, the creation of which is authorized by the financing order;
- 307 (C) A description of the financing costs that may be 308 recovered through consumer rate relief charges and the period 309 over which those costs may be recovered;
- 310 (D) A description of the methodology and calculation for 311 allocating consumer rate relief charges between and within tariff 312 schedules and to special contract customers;
- 313 (E) A description and approval of the adjustment mechanism 314 for use in the imposition, charging, and collection of the 315 consumer rate relief charges, including: (i) The allocation 316 referred to in paragraph (D) of this subdivision and (ii) any 317 specific requirements for adjusting and reconciling consumer 318 rate relief charges for standard adjustments that are limited to

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relatively stable conditions of operations and nonstandard 319 320 adjustments that are necessary to reflect significant changes from 321 historical conditions of operations, such as the loss of substantial 322 electrical load, so long as each and every application of the 323 adjustment mechanism is designed to assure the full and timely 324 payment of consumer rate relief bonds and associated financing 325 costs: 326 (F) The maximum term of the consumer rate relief bonds: 327 (G) A finding that the issuance of the consumer rate relief

- (G) A finding that the issuance of the consumer rate relief bonds, including financing costs, is just and reasonable and are reasonably expected to achieve the lowest reasonably attainable cost in order to produce cost savings to customers and to mitigate rate impacts on customers, as compared to traditional financing mechanisms or traditional cost-recovery methods available to the electric utility; and
- (H) Any other provision the commission considers appropriate to ensure the full and timely imposition, charging, collection and adjustment, pursuant to an approved adjustment mechanism, of the consumer rate relief charges.
- 338 (6) To the extent the commission deems appropriate and compatible with the issuance advice letter procedure under

subdivision (9) of this subsection, the commission, in a financing 340 341 order, shall afford the electric utility flexibility in establishing 342 the terms and conditions for the consumer rate relief bonds to 343 accommodate changes in market conditions, including 344 repayment schedules, interest rates, financing costs, collateral 345 requirements, required debt service and other reserves, and the 346 ability of the qualifying utility, at its option, to effect a series of 347 issuances of consumer rate relief bonds and correlated 348 assignments, sales, pledges, or other transfers of consumer rate 349 relief property. Any changes made under this subdivision to terms and conditions for the consumer rate relief bonds shall be 350 351 in conformance with the financing order.

(7) A financing order shall provide that the creation of consumer rate relief property shall be simultaneous with the sale of that property to an assignee as provided in the application and the pledge of the property to secure consumer rate relief bonds.

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356 (8) The commission, in a financing order, shall require that, 357 after the final terms of each issuance of consumer rate relief 358 bonds have been established, and prior to the issuance of those 359 bonds, the qualifying utility shall determine the resulting initial

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consumer rate relief charges in accordance with the adjustment mechanism described in the financing order. These consumer rate relief charges shall be final and effective upon the issuance of the consumer rate relief bonds, without further commission action.

(9) Because the actual structure and pricing of the consumer

366 rate relief bonds will not be known at the time the financing 367 order is issued, in the case of every securitization approved by 368 the commission, the qualifying utility which intends to cause the 369 issuance of such bonds will provide to the commission and the 370 commission's financial adviser, if any, prior to the issuance of 371 the bonds, an issuance advice letter following the determination 372 of the final terms of the bonds. The issuance advice letter shall 373 indicate the final structure of the consumer rate relief bonds and 374 provide the best available estimate of total ongoing costs. The 375 issuance advice letter should report the initial consumer rate 376 relief charges and other information specific to the consumer 377 rate relief bonds to be issued, as the financing order may require. The qualifying utility may proceed with the issuance of the 378 379 consumer rate relief bonds unless, prior to noon on the fourth business day after the commission receives the issuance advice letter, the commission issues a disapproval letter directing that the bonds as proposed shall not be issued and the basis for that disapproval. The financing order may provide such additional provisions relating to the issuance advice letter process as the commission deems appropriate.

(10) An order of the commission issued pursuant to this subsection is a final order of the commission. Any party aggrieved by the issuance of any such order may petition for suspension and review thereof by the Supreme Court of Appeals pursuant to section one, article five of this chapter. In the case of a petition for suspension and review, the Supreme Court of Appeals shall proceed to hear and determine the action as expeditiously as practicable and give the action precedence over other matters not accorded similar precedence by law.

(11) The financing order shall also provide for a procedure requiring the qualifying utility to adjust its rates or provide credits in a manner that would return to customers any overpayments resulting from the securitization for the expanded net energy costs in excess of actual prudently incurred costs as

- subsequently determined by the commission. The adjustment mechanism may not affect or impair the consumer rate relief property or the right to impose, collect, or adjust the consumer rate relief charges under this section.
- 404 (12) The commission may require, as a condition to the 405 effectiveness of the financing order but in every circumstance 406 subject to the limitations set forth in subdivision (3), subsection 407 (g) of this section, that the qualifying utility give appropriate 408 assurances to the commission that the qualifying utility and its 409 parent will abide by the following conditions during any period 410 in which any consumer rate relief bonds issued pursuant to the 411 financing order are outstanding, in addition to any other
- obligation either may have under this code or federal law.
 Without first obtaining the prior consent and approval of the
- 414 commission, the qualifying utility will not:
- 415 (A) Lend money, directly or indirectly, to a registered 416 holding company or a nonutility affiliate; or
- 417 (B) Guarantee the obligations of a registered holding 418 company or a nonutility affiliate.
- 419 (13) A financing order may require the qualifying utility to 420 file with the commission a periodic report showing the receipt

421 and disbursement of proceeds of consumer rate relief bonds and 422 consumer rate relief charges. A financing order may authorize 423 the staff of the commission to review and audit the books and 424 records of the qualifying utility relating to the receipt and disbursement of such proceeds. The provisions of this 425 426 subdivision do not limit the authority of the commission under 427 this chapter to investigate the practices of the qualifying utility 428 or to audit the books and records of the qualifying utility. 429

(14) In the case of two or more affiliated utilities that have jointly applied for a financing order as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (c) of this section, a financing order may authorize each affiliated utility to impose consumer rate relief charges on its customers and to cause to be issued consumer rate relief bonds and to receive and use the proceeds which it receives with respect thereto as provided in subdivision (1), subsection (j) of this section.

(15) The commission, in its discretion, may engage the services of a financial adviser for the purpose of assisting the commission in its consideration of an application for a financing order and a subsequent issuance of consumer rate relief bonds pursuant to a financing order.

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- 442 (f) Allowed disposition of consumer rate relief property.
- (1) The consumer rate relief property created in a final
- 444 financing order may be transferred, sold, conveyed or assigned
- 445 to any affiliate of the qualifying utility created for the limited
- 446 purpose of acquiring, owning or administering that property,
- 447 issuing consumer rate relief bonds under the final financing
- 448 order or a combination of these purposes.
- 449 (2) All or any portion of the consumer rate relief property
- 450 may be pledged to secure the payment of consumer rate relief
- 451 bonds, amounts payable to financing parties and bondholders,
- 452 amounts payable under any ancillary agreement and other
- 453 financing costs.
- 454 (3) A transfer, sale, conveyance, assignment, grant of a
- 455 security interest in or pledge of consumer rate relief property by
- 456 a qualifying utility to an affiliate of the utility, to the extent
- 457 previously authorized in a financing order, does not require the
- 458 prior consent and approval of the commission under section
- 459 twelve of this article.
- 460 (4) The consumer rate relief property constitutes an existing,
- present property right, notwithstanding any requirement that the

462 imposition, charging, and collection of consumer rate relief 463 charges depend on the qualifying utility continuing to deliver 464 retail electric service or continuing to perform its servicing 465 functions relating to the billing and collection of consumer rate 466 relief charges or on the level of future energy consumption. That 467 property exists regardless of whether the consumer rate relief 468 charges have been billed, have accrued or have been collected 469 and notwithstanding any requirement that the value or amount of 470 the property is dependent on the future provision of service to 471 customers by the qualifying utility.

- 472 (5) All such consumer rate relief property continues to exist 473 until the consumer rate relief bonds issued under the final 474 financing order are paid in full and all financing costs relating to 475 the bonds have been paid in full.
- 476 (g) Final financing order to remain in effect.
- 477 (1) A final financing order remains in effect until the 478 consumer rate relief bonds issued under the final financing order 479 and all financing costs related to the bonds have been paid in 480 full.
- 481 (2) A final financing order remains in effect and unabated, 482 notwithstanding the bankruptcy, reorganization or insolvency of

- the qualifying utility, or any affiliate of the qualifying utility, or the commencement of any judicial or nonjudicial proceeding on the final financing order.
- 486 (3) A final financing order is irrevocable and the
 487 commission may not reduce, impair, postpone or terminate the
 488 consumer rate relief charges authorized in the final financing
 489 order or impair the property or the collection or recovery of
 490 consumer rate relief costs.
- 491 (h) Subsequent commission proceeding.
- 492 Upon petition, or upon its own motion, the commission may 493 commence a proceeding and issue a subsequent financing order 494 that provides for retiring and refunding consumer rate relief 495 bonds issued under the final financing order if the commission 496 finds that the subsequent financing order satisfies all of the 497 requirements of subsection (e) of this section. Effective on 498 retirement of the refunded consumer rate relief bonds and the 499 issuance of new consumer rate relief bonds, the commission 500 shall adjust the related consumer rate relief charges accordingly.
- 501 (i) Limits on commission authority.

- 502 (1) The commission, in exercising its powers and carrying 503 out its duties regarding regulation and ratemaking, may not do 504 any of the following:
- 505 (A) Consider consumer rate relief bonds issued under a final 506 financing order to be the debt of the qualifying utility;
- 507 (B) Consider the consumer rate relief charges imposed, 508 charged or collected under a final financing order to be revenue 509 of the qualifying utility; or
- (C) Consider the consumer rate relief costs or financing costs authorized under a final financing order to be costs of the qualifying utility.
- 513 (2) The commission may not order or otherwise require, 514 directly or indirectly, an electric utility to use consumer rate 515 relief bonds to finance the recovery of expanded net energy 516 costs.
- 517 (3) The commission may not refuse to allow the recovery of 518 expanded net energy costs solely because an electric utility has 519 elected or may elect to finance those costs through a financing 520 mechanism other than the issuance of consumer rate relief 521 bonds.

- 522 (4) If a qualifying utility elects not to finance such costs 523 through the issuance of consumer rate relief bonds as authorized 524 in a final financing order, those costs shall be recovered as 525 authorized by the commission previously or in subsequent 526 proceedings.
- 527 (j) Duties of qualifying utility.
- 1) A qualifying utility shall cause the proceeds which it receives with respect to consumer rate relief bonds issued pursuant to a financing order to be used for the recovery of the expanded net energy costs which occasioned the issuance of the bonds, including the retirement of debt and/or equity of the qualifying utility which was incurred to finance or refinance such costs and for no other purpose.
- English explanation of the consumer rate relief charges approved in the financing order, as modified by subsequent issuances of consumer rate relief bonds authorized under the financing order, if any, and by application of the adjustment mechanism as provided in subsection (k) of this section. These explanations may be made by bill inserts, website information or other

- appropriate means as required, or approved if proposed by thequalifying utility, by the commission.
- 544 (3) Collected consumer rate relief charges shall be applied 545 solely to the repayment of consumer rate relief bonds and other 546 financing costs.
- 547 (4) The failure of a qualifying utility to apply the proceeds 548 which it receives with respect to an issuance of consumer rate relief bonds in a reasonable, prudent and appropriate manner or 549 550 otherwise comply with any provision of this section does not 551 invalidate, impair or affect any financing order, consumer rate 552 relief property, consumer rate relief charges or consumer rate 553 relief bonds. Subject to the limitations set forth in subsection (g) 554 of this section, nothing in this subdivision prevents or precludes 555 the commission from imposing regulatory sanctions against a 556 qualifying utility for failure to comply with the terms and 557 conditions of a financing order or the requirements of this 558 section.
- (k) Application of adjustment mechanism; filing of scheduleswith commission.
- 561 (1) A qualifying utility shall file with the commission, and 562 the commission shall approve, with or without such modification

563 as is allowed under this subsection, at least annually, or more 564 frequently as provided in the final financing order, a schedule 565 applying the approved adjustment mechanism to the consumer 566 rate relief charges authorized under the final financing order, 567 based on estimates of demand and consumption for each tariff 568 schedule and special contract customer and other mathematical 569 factors. The qualifying utility shall submit with the schedule a 570 request for approval to make the adjustments to the consumer 571 rate relief charges in accordance with the schedule.

- (2) On the same day a qualifying utility files with the 572 commission its calculation of the adjustment, it shall cause 573 574 notice of the filing to be given, in the form specified in the 575 financing order, as a Class I legal advertisement in compliance 576 with the provisions of article three, chapter fifty-nine of this 577 code in a newspaper of general circulation published each 578 weekday in Kanawha County. This publication is only required 579 if the calculation of the adjustment filed by the utility with the 580 commission would result in an increase in the amount of the 581 consumer rate relief charges.
- 582 (3) The commission's review of a request for a standard 583 adjustment is limited to a determination of whether there is a

mathematical error in the application of the adjustment 584 585 mechanism to the consumer rate relief charges. No hearing is 586 required for such an adjustment. Each standard adjustment to the 587 consumer rate relief charges, in an amount as calculated by the qualifying utility but incorporating any correction for a 588 589 mathematical error as determined by the commission, 590 automatically becomes effective fifteen days following the date 591 on which the qualifying utility files with the commission its 592 calculation of the standard adjustment.

593 (4) If the commission authorizes a nonstandard adjustment 594 procedure in the financing order, and the qualifying utility files 595 for such an adjustment, the commission shall allow interested 596 parties thirty days from the date the qualifying utility filed the 597 calculation of a nonstandard adjustment to make comments. The 598 commission's review of the total amount required for a 599 nonstandard adjustment shall be limited to the mathematical 600 accuracy of the total adjustment needed to assure the full and 601 timely payment of all debt service costs and related financing 602 costs of the consumer rate relief bonds. The commission may 603 also determine the proper allocation of those costs within and 604 between classes of customers and to special contract customers,

605 the proper design of the consumer rate relief charges and the 606 appropriate application of those charges under the methodology 607 set forth in the formula-based adjustment mechanism approved 608 in the financing order. If the commission determines that a 609 hearing is necessary, the commission shall hold a hearing on the 610 comments within forty days of the date the qualifying utility 611 filed the calculation of the nonstandard adjustment. The 612 nonstandard adjustment, as modified by the commission, if 613 necessary, shall be approved by the commission within sixty days and the commission may shorten the filing and hearing 614 615 periods above in the financing order to ensure this result. Any 616 procedure for a nonstandard adjustment must be consistent with 617 assuring the full and timely payment of debt service of the 618 consumer rate relief bonds and associated financing costs. 619

- (5) No adjustment approved or deemed approved under this section affects the irrevocability of the final financing order as specified in subdivision (3) of subsection (g) of this section.
- 622 (1) Nonbypassability of consumer rate relief charges.

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623 (1) As long as consumer rate relief bonds issued under a 624 final financing order are outstanding, the consumer rate relief 625 charges authorized under the final financing order are nonbypassable and apply to all existing or future West Virginia retail customers of a qualifying utility or its successors and must be paid by any customer that receives electric delivery service from the utility or its successors.

- (2) The consumer rate relief charges shall be collected by the qualifying utility or the qualifying utility's successors or assignees, or a collection agent, in full through a charge that is separate and apart from the qualifying utility's base rates.
- 634 (m) *Utility default*.

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635 (1) If a qualifying utility defaults on a required payment of 636 consumer rate relief charges collected, a court, upon application 637 by an interested party, or the commission, upon application to 638 the commission or upon its own motion, and without limiting 639 any other remedies available to the applying party, shall order 640 the sequestration and payment of the consumer rate relief 641 charges collected for the benefit of bondholders, assignees and 642 financing parties. The order remains in full force and effect 643 notwithstanding a bankruptcy, reorganization or other insolvency 644 proceedings with respect to the qualifying utility or any affiliate 645 thereof.

- 646 (2) Customers of a qualifying utility shall be held harmless 647 by the qualifying utility for its failure to remit any required 648 payment of consumer rate relief charges collected but such 649 failure does not affect the consumer rate relief property or the 650 rights to impose, collect and adjust the consumer rate relief 651 charges under this section.
- 652 (3) Consumer rate relief property under a final financing 653 order and the interests of an assignee, bondholder or financing 654 party in that property under a financing agreement are not 655 subject to set off, counterclaim, surcharge or defense by the 656 qualifying utility or other person, including as a result of the 657 qualifying utility's failure to provide past, present, or future 658 services, or in connection with the bankruptcy, reorganization, 659 or other insolvency proceeding of the qualifying utility, any 660 affiliate, or any other entity.
- (n) Successors to qualifying utility.
- A successor to a qualifying utility is bound by the requirements of this section. The successor shall perform and satisfy all obligations of the electric utility under the final financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the

qualifying utility including the obligation to collect and pay consumer rate relief charges to the person(s) entitled to receive them. The successor has the same rights as the qualifying utility under the final financing order in the same manner and to the same extent as the qualifying utility.

(o) Security interest in consumer rate relief property.

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- (1) Except as provided in subdivisions (3) through (5) of this subsection, the creation, perfection and enforcement of a security interest in consumer rate relief property under a final financing order to secure the repayment of the principal of and interest on consumer rate relief bonds, amounts payable under any ancillary agreement and other financing costs are governed by this section and not article nine of chapter forty-six of this code.
 - (2) The description of the consumer rate relief property in a transfer or security agreement and a financing statement is sufficient only if the description refers to this section and the final financing order creating the property. This section applies to all purported transfers of, and all purported grants of, liens on or security interests in that property, regardless of whether the related transfer or security agreement was entered into or the

related financing statement was filed, before or after the effective date of this section.

- (3) A security interest in consumer rate relief property under a final financing order is created, valid and binding at the latest of the date that the security agreement is executed and delivered or the date that value is received for the consumer rate relief bonds.
- 693 (4) The security interest attaches without any physical 694 delivery of collateral or other act and upon the filing of the 695 financing statement with the Office of the Secretary of State. The 696 lien of the security interest is valid, binding and perfected 697 against all parties having claims of any kind in tort, contract or 698 otherwise against the person granting the security interest, 699 regardless of whether the parties have notice of the lien. Also 700 upon this filing, a transfer of an interest in the consumer rate 701 relief property is perfected against all parties having claims of 702 any kind, including any judicial lien, or other lien creditors or 703 any claims of the seller or creditors of the seller, other than 704 creditors holding a prior security interest, ownership interest or assignment in the property previously perfected in accordance 705 706 with this subsection.

(5) The Secretary of State shall maintain any financing 707 statement filed under this subsection in the same manner that the 708 709 secretary maintains financing statements filed by utilities under 710 article nine of chapter forty-six of this code. The filing of a 711 financing statement under this subsection is governed by the 712 provisions regarding the filing of financing statements in article 713 nine of chapter forty-six of this code. However, a person filing 714 a financing statement under this subsection is not required to file 715 any continuation statements to preserve the perfected status of its 716 security interest.

- 717 (6) A security interest in consumer rate relief property under 718 a final financing order is a continuously perfected security 719 interest and has priority over any other lien, created by operation 720 of law or otherwise, that may subsequently attach to that 721 property or those rights or interests unless the holder of any such 722 lien has agreed in writing otherwise.
- 723 (7) The priority of a security interest in consumer rate relief 724 property is not affected by the commingling of collected 725 consumer rate relief charges with other amounts. Any pledged or 726 secured party has a perfected security interest in the amount of

- all consumer rate relief charges collected that are deposited in a cash or deposit account of the qualifying utility in which such collected charges have been commingled with other funds. Any other security interest that may apply to those funds shall be terminated when the funds are transferred to a segregated account for an assignee or a financing party.
- 733 (8) No application of the adjustment mechanism as described 734 in subsection (j) (k) of this section affects the validity, perfection 735 or priority of a security interest in or the transfer of consumer 736 rate relief property under the final financing order.
- 737 (p) Transfer, sale, etc. of consumer rate relief property.
- 738 (1) A sale, assignment or transfer of consumer rate relief 739 property under a final financing order is an absolute transfer and 740 true sale of, and not a pledge of or secured transaction relating 741 to, the seller's right, title and interest in, to and under the 742 property, if the documents governing the transaction expressly 743 state that the transaction is a sale or other absolute transfer. A 744 transfer of an interest in that property may be created only when 745 all of the following have occurred:
- 746 (A) The financing order has become final and taken effect;

- 747 (B) The documents evidencing the transfer of the property
- have been executed and delivered to the assignee; and
- 749 (C) Value has been received for the property.
- 750 (2) The characterization of the sale, assignment or transfer
- 751 as an absolute transfer and true sale and the corresponding
- 752 characterization of the property interest of the purchaser shall be
- 753 effective and perfected against all third parties and is not
- affected or impaired by, among other things, the occurrence of
- 755 any of the following:
- 756 (A) Commingling of collected consumer rate relief charges
- 757 with other amounts;
- (B) The retention by the seller of any of the following:
- 759 (i) A partial or residual interest, including an equity interest,
- 760 in the consumer rate relief property, whether direct or indirect,
- 761 or whether subordinate or otherwise;
- 762 (ii) The right to recover costs associated with taxes,
- 763 franchise fees or license fees imposed on the collection of
- 764 consumer rate relief charges;
- 765 (iii) Any recourse that the purchaser or any assignee may
- 766 have against the seller;

- 767 (iv) Any indemnification rights, obligations or repurchase
- 768 rights made or provided by the seller;
- 769 (v) The obligation of the seller to collect consumer rate relief
- 770 charges on behalf of an assignee;
- 771 (vi) The treatment of the sale, assignment or transfer for tax,
- 772 financial reporting or other purposes; or
- (vii) Any application of the adjustment mechanism under the
- 774 final financing order.
- 775 (q) Taxation of consumer rate relief charges; consumer rate
- 776 relief bonds not debt of governmental entities or a pledge of
- 777 taxing powers.
- 778 (1) The imposition, billing, collection and receipt of
- 779 consumer rate relief charges under this section are exempt from
- 780 state income, sales, franchise, gross receipts, business and
- 781 occupation and other taxes or similar charges: Provided,
- 782 *however*, That neither this exemption nor any other provision of
- 783 this subsection shall preclude any municipality from taxing
- 784 consumer rate relief charges under the authority granted to
- 785 municipalities pursuant to sections five and five-a of article
- 786 thirteen in chapter eight of this code.

787 (2) Consumer rate relief bonds issued under a final financing 788 order do not constitute a debt or a pledge of the faith and credit 789 or taxing power of this state or of any county, municipality or 790 any other political subdivision of this state. Bondholders have no 791 right to have taxes levied by this state or the taxing authority of 792 any county, municipality or any other political subdivision of 793 this state for the payment of the principal of or interest on the 794 bonds. The issuance of consumer rate relief bonds does not, 795 directly, indirectly or contingently, obligate this state or a 796 county, municipality or political subdivision of this state to levy 797 a tax or make an appropriation for payment of the principal of or 798 interest on the bonds.

(r) Consumer rate relief bonds as legal investments. Any of the following may legally invest any sinking funds, moneys or other funds belonging to them or under their control in consumer rate relief bonds:

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803 (1) The state, the West Virginia Investment Management 804 Board, the West Virginia Housing Development Fund, municipal 805 corporations, political subdivisions, public bodies and public 806 officers except for members of the Public Service Commission;

- (2) Banks and bankers, savings and loan associations, credit 807 808 unions, trust companies, building and loan associations, savings 809 and institutions, deposit guarantee associations, banks 810 investment companies, insurance companies and associations 811 and other persons carrying on a banking or insurance business, 812 including domestic for life and domestic not for life insurance 813 companies; and
- 814 (3) Personal representatives, guardians, trustees and other 815 fiduciaries.
- (s) *Pledge of state*.
- 817 (1) The state pledges to and agrees with the bondholders, 818 assignees and financing parties under a final financing order that 819 the state will not take or permit any action that impairs the value 820 of consumer rate relief property under the final financing order 821 or revises the consumer rate relief costs for which recovery is 822 authorized under the final financing order or, except as allowed 823 under subsection (i) (k) of this section, reduce, alter or impair 824 consumer rate relief charges that are imposed, charged, collected or remitted for the benefit of the bondholders, assignees and 825 826 financing parties, until any principal, interest and redemption

- premium in respect of consumer rate relief bonds, all financing costs and all amounts to be paid to an assignee or financing party under an ancillary agreement are paid or performed in full.
- 830 (2) A person who issues consumer rate relief bonds is 831 permitted to include the pledge specified in subdivision (1) of 832 this subsection in the consumer rate relief bonds, ancillary 833 agreements and documentation related to the issuance and 834 marketing of the consumer rate relief bonds.
- (t) West Virginia law governs; this section controls.
- attachment, perfection, priority and exercise of remedies with respect to the transfer of consumer rate relief property under a final financing order, the creation of a security interest in any such property, consumer rate relief charges or final financing order are the laws of this state as set forth in this section.
- its provisions and any other law regarding the attachment, assignment, or perfection, the effect of perfection or priority of any security interest in or transfer of consumer rate relief property under a final financing order.

847 (u) Severability.

848 If any provision of this section or the application thereof to 849 any person, circumstance or transaction is held by a court of 850 competent jurisdiction to be unconstitutional or invalid, the 851 unconstitutionality or invalidity does affect not 852 Constitutionality or validity of any other provision of this section 853 or its application or validity to any person, circumstance or 854 transaction, including, without limitation, the irrevocability of a 855 financing order issued pursuant to this section, the validity of the 856 issuance of consumer rate relief bonds, the imposition of 857 consumer rate relief charges, the transfer or assignment of 858 consumer rate relief property or the collection and recovery of 859 consumer rate relief charges. To these ends, the Legislature 860 hereby declares that the provisions of this section are intended to 861 be severable and that the Legislature would have enacted this 862 section even if any provision of this section held to be 863 unconstitutional or invalid had not been included in this section.

(v) Non-utility status.

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An assignee or financing party is not an electric public utility or person providing electric service by virtue of engaging in the transactions with respect to consumer rate relief bonds.